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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/709,665	05/21/2004	Hsin-Wo Fang	NAUP0592USA	3664
27765	7590	01/03/2007		EXAMINER
NORTH AMERICA INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY CORPORATION P.O. BOX 506 MERRIFIELD, VA 22116				ROSSOSHEK, YELENA
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				2825
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		01/03/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/709,665	FANG ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Helen Rossoshek	2825

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 October 2006.
- 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-5,7-12,14 and 15 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) 6 and 13 is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) All b) Some * c) None of:
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.
- 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
5) Notice of Informal Patent Application
6) Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

1. This office action is in response to the Application 10/709,665 filed 05/21/2004 and amendment filed 10/13/2006.
2. Claims 1-15 remain pending in the Application.
3. Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

5. Claims 1-5, 7-12, 14 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Schadt et al. (US Patent 6,870,395).

With respect to claim 1 Schadt et al. teaches a method for implementing circuit layouts in a chip (within a layout of the chip/PLD shown on the Fig. 2 (col. 3, II.31-32)), comprising: forming a plurality of sub-circuit cells with the same layout in different positions of the chip (within plurality of standard-cell logic blocks (SLBs) 220 as shown on the Fig. 2 (col. 3, II.40-42), wherein SLBs are construed by same type of standard-cell logic, i.e. having the same layout (col. 4, II.3-5) and are placed in different positions of the PLD (col. 4, II.9-10)); and when the sub-circuit cells in different positions require different circuit functions, performing a layout programming in at least a connection

layer so that different layouts are formed in different positions of the connection layer corresponding to the sub-circuit cells (within placing SLBs in different areas of PLD depending on the functionality to be supported (col. 4, II.6-8) and using two types of connectivity structure in order to integrated SLBs with the rest of the chip (col. 4, II.42-44), wherein both types of connectivity structure are using upper layer of metallization (metal layer) programmably connect each SLB to the other portions of the chip/PLD as shown on the Fig. 9 (col. 4, II.44-56)).

With respect to claim 9 Schadt et al. teaches a chip (within a layout of the chip/PLD shown on the Fig. 2 (col. 3, II.31-32)), comprising: a plurality of layout layers comprising a plurality of same layouts in a plurality of positions of the layout layers so as to implement a plurality of sub-circuit cells with the same layout (within multilayered PLD (col. 4, II.53-54) containing plurality of SLBs 220 as shown on the Fig. 2 having the same layout of standard-cell blocks in different positions of the PLD 200 around the periphery of the device (i.e. within I/O ring) (col. 3, II.40-42), wherein SLBs can placed anywhere within PLD/chip (col. 4, II.9-10); and at least a connection layer comprising different layouts corresponding to the different positions of the layout layers so that the sub-circuit cells in different positions implement different circuit functions (within programmable connection of each SLB with the other portions of the PLD (col. 4, II.51-53) using metal layers of the PLD (col. 4, II.53-55) depending on the available area and the functionality to be supported (col. 4, II.6-8)).

With respect to claims 2-5, 7, 8, 10-12, 14 and 15 Schadt et al. teaches:

Claims 2, 10: wherein the connection layer is a metal layer (col. 4, II.53-55);

Claim 3: the layout programming is only performed in the connection layer so that the sub-circuit cells with different circuit functions have different layouts only in the connection layer (within SLBs construed by the same type of standard-cell logic blocks (col. 4, II.4-6), wherein in order to support different functions SLBs have programmable connectivity structure (col. 4, II.44-52) without changing the layout of SLBs));

Claims 4, 11: wherein while forming the plurality of sub-circuit cells with the same layout, a plurality of sub-circuit blocks are laid in each sub-circuit cell, wherein while performing the layout programming, each layout in the connection layer corresponding to each sub-circuit cell is selectively connected to the sub-circuit blocks of each sub-circuit cell so that the sub-circuit cells in different positions implement different circuit functions (within plurality of SLBs construed by the same type of multiple standard-cell logic (col. 4, II.4-6), wherein SLBs can perform different functions depending on programmable connectivity structure using routing resources (col. 4, II.61-65) using switch boxes, which can be programmed to provide signal flow in a variety of ways between SLB 220 and the rest of the PLD (col. 5, II.8-13));

Claims 5, 12: wherein the sub-circuit cells in different positions are for implementing input/output (I/O) circuits with different I/O functions (using plurality of SLBs positioned around the periphery of the device layout, i.e. in the I/O ring (col. 1, II.51-53) for performing programmable connections between I/O circuitry and the programmable core logic of the chip (col. 2, II.1-3);

Claims 7, 14: wherein the sub-circuit cells in different positions are for implementing I/O circuits with different slew rates (within different type of SLBs performing different functions (col. 9, ll.26-27; ll.43-47; col. 10, ll.58-67));

Claims 8, 15: wherein the sub-circuit cells in different positions are for implementing I/O circuits with different driving currents (within different type of SLBs performing different functions (col. 9, ll.26-27; ll.43-47; col. 10, ll.58-67)).

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 6 and 13 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. The prior art of record does not teach implementation I/O circuits with a Schmidt trigger function with the sub-circuit cells in different positions as claimed.

Remarks

7. In remarks Applicant argues in substance:

- a) "Each SLB 220 having the same type of standard-cell logic does not signify that the SLBs 220 located in different positions have the same layout".
- b) "However Schadt teaches uses software control to provide different functions, rather than forming different layouts in different positions of the connection layer".

8. Examiner respectfully disagrees for the following reasons:

As to a) Schadt et al. teaches a plurality of SLBs 220 which are located on different positions of the device as a I/O circuitries (col. 3, ll.43-46), wherein SLBs comprised plurality of small blocks of the same type of standard-cell logic (col. 4, ll.3-5)

and having different layout because of different interconnection of small blocks dictated by desired functionality of particular SLB (col. 5, ll.24-26).

As to b) Schadt et al. teaches multiple SLBs each having different number of wires/route (layout) depending on the functionality of the SLB (col. 5, ll.24-26), wherein both connectivity structures to integrated the standard-cell gates of each SLB 220 with the rest of the device are **programmable** and create different layouts, wherein two connectivity structures correspond to regions of metal layers (col. 4, ll.53-56). Therefore, Schadt et al. reads into claims of the instant Application.

Based on at least these disclosures of Schadt et al. Examiner maintains rejection under 35 USC § 102.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Helen Rossoshek whose telephone number is 571-272-1905. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jack Chiang can be reached on 571-272-7483. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Helen Rossoshek
Examiner
Art Unit 2825


THUAN V. DO
PRIMARY PATENT EXAMINER